

Mei Statistics 1 Discrete Random Variables Topic Assessment Answers

Mastering Mei Statistics 1: Discrete Random Variables Topic Assessment Answers

This comprehensive guide delves into the critical topic of discrete random variables within Mei Statistics 1, providing insightful answers to assessment questions and illuminating key concepts. Whether you're a student seeking clarification or a teacher seeking valuable resources, this offers a structured approach to understanding and applying discrete random variable principles.

to Discrete Random Variables

Discrete random variables represent countable values, typically integers, arising from random phenomena. Imagine flipping a coin twice; the possible outcomes (HH, HT, TH, TT) are countable, forming a discrete distribution. Key characteristics of

discrete random variables include: • **Countability:** Outcomes can be listed in a finite or countably infinite sequence. •

Distinctness: Each outcome is clearly defined and separate from others. • **Probabilistic Nature:** Each outcome has an associated probability, reflecting its likelihood. Understanding these characteristics is crucial for analyzing and interpreting data related to discrete random variables.

Probability Mass Function (PMF)

The foundation of working with discrete random variables lies in the Probability Mass Function (PMF). The PMF assigns a probability to each possible value of the random variable. For instance, consider the random variable X representing the number of heads in two coin flips:

X	0	1	2
$P(X)$	1/4	1/2	1/4

This table shows that the probability of getting zero heads ($X=0$) is 1/4, one head ($X=1$) is 1/2, and two heads ($X=2$) is 1/4. Key Features of PMF: • **Non-negativity:** All probabilities are non-negative (between 0 and 1). • **Sum to 1:** The sum of all probabilities across all possible values of the random variable equals 1.

Expected Value and Variance

Expected value ($E[X]$), also known as the mean, represents the average value of the random variable over many trials. It's calculated by summing the product of each value and its

corresponding probability. **Variance (Var[X])** quantifies the spread or dispersion of the random variable around its mean. It measures how much the individual values deviate from the expected value. **Formulas:** • **Expected Value (E[X]):** $E[X] = \sum [x * P(x)]$ • **Variance (Var[X]):** $Var[X] = E[X^2] - (E[X])^2$ **Real-World Application:** Imagine a casino game where you roll a die. If you roll a 6, you win \$10; otherwise, you lose \$1. The expected value of this game would help you determine whether it's profitable to play in the long run.

Common Discrete Distributions

Several widely used discrete distributions model various real-world phenomena:

- 1. Bernoulli Distribution:** • Models a single trial with two possible outcomes (success or failure) with probabilities p and $(1-p)$, respectively. • Example: Flipping a coin once (heads or tails).
- 2. Binomial Distribution:** • Models the number of successes in a fixed number of independent Bernoulli trials. • Parameters: n (number of trials) and p (probability of success in each trial). • Example: Number of heads in 10 coin flips.
- 3. Poisson Distribution:** • Models the number of events occurring in a fixed interval of time or space. • Parameter: λ (average rate of events). • Example: Number of cars arriving at a toll booth per hour.
- 4. Geometric Distribution:** • Models the number of trials needed to achieve the first success in a series of Bernoulli trials. • Parameter: p (probability of success in each trial). • Example: Number of coin flips needed

to get the first head.

Mei Statistics 1 Discrete Random Variables Topic Assessment Answers

This section provides sample answers to common assessment questions related to discrete random variables in Mei Statistics

1: **Question 1:** A fair die is rolled twice. Let X be the random variable representing the sum of the two rolls. Find the PMF of X .

Answer: | X | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | |||||
| $P(X)$ | 1/36 | 2/36 | 3/36 | 4/36 | 5/36 | 6/36 | 5/36 | 4/36 | 3/36 | 2/36 | 1/36 |

Question 2: A machine produces defective items with a probability of 0.05. Find the probability of getting at most 2 defective items in a sample of 10 items using the binomial distribution.

Answer: Using the binomial distribution formula, calculate the probability of 0, 1, and 2 defective items and add them together.

Question 3: Calculate the expected value and variance of the random variable X , where X represents the number of heads in three coin flips.

Answer: Use the formulas for expected value and variance, considering the probabilities of getting 0, 1, 2, and 3 heads.

Question 4: A store receives an average of 10 customers per hour. Use the Poisson distribution to find the probability of receiving 15 customers in the next hour.

Answer: Use the Poisson distribution formula with $\lambda = 10$ and $x = 15$.

Question 5: What is the expected number of trials needed to get the first head when flipping a fair coin?

Answer: This follows a geometric distribution with $p = 1/2$. The expected

value of a geometric distribution is $1/p$, so the expected number of trials is 2.

Advanced FAQs

1. How can I determine the best distribution for my data? •

Analyze the characteristics of your data: countability, independence of trials, event rate, etc. • Consider the underlying phenomenon and its potential model. • Use statistical tests like the chi-squared goodness-of-fit test to compare distributions.

2. What are the limitations of discrete random variables? •

Real-world data can be complex, and discrete models may not fully capture all nuances. • They are not suitable for continuous variables like height or weight. • They may not account for dependencies or interactions between events.

3. How can I use discrete random variables in statistical inference? •

Estimate parameters of distributions using sample data (e.g., maximum likelihood estimation). •

Conduct hypothesis tests to compare distributions or assess the validity of claims. • Build confidence intervals to quantify the uncertainty in parameter estimates.

4. How do discrete random variables relate to continuous random variables? •

Continuous variables can often be approximated using discrete variables, especially for large datasets. • Discrete variables serve as

building blocks for more complex models involving continuous

variables. • The concept of probability mass function has a counterpart for continuous variables: the probability density

function. 5. What are some real-world applications of discrete random variables beyond the examples given?

- Quality control: Assessing defect rates in manufacturing processes.
- *Insurance*: Modeling the number of claims in a given time period.
- **Finance**: Predicting the number of trades in the stock market.
- **Epidemiology**: Analyzing the spread of infectious diseases.
- Social science: Studying voting patterns and political polls.

Conclusion

Discrete random variables provide a powerful framework for understanding and analyzing probabilistic phenomena involving countable outcomes. By mastering the concepts of PMF, expected value, variance, and common distributions, you can gain valuable insights into diverse real-world scenarios. Remember that continuous random variables provide an alternative approach to modeling data, and their exploration can further enrich your understanding of statistical analysis. Applying these principles and exploring their applications across various disciplines will enable you to effectively interpret data and make informed decisions based on probabilities.

Mastering MEI Statistics 1: Discrete

Random Variables - Topic Assessment

Answers Explained

Feeling a bit hazy on discrete random variables? You're not alone! MEI Statistics 1 throws some fascinating concepts your way, and the topic assessment on discrete random variables is a crucial hurdle. But don't let those probability distributions and expected values send shivers down your spine. This article is your ultimate guide to understanding and acing those MEI Statistics 1 discrete random variables topic assessment answers. We'll dive deep into the core concepts, break down common question types, and offer practical tips to boost your confidence and your grades. #### What Exactly Are Discrete Random Variables? Before we tackle the assessment answers, let's solidify our understanding of what a discrete random variable actually is. In simple terms, it's a variable whose value can only take on a finite number of distinct values or a countably infinite number of values. Think about it: you can't have 2.5 heads when you flip a coin, nor can you roll a 3.7 on a standard die. The outcomes are whole numbers, distinct and separate. Common examples include:

- * The number of heads in three coin flips.
- * The number of defective items in a sample of manufactured goods.
- * The number of customers arriving at a shop in an hour.
- * The number of cars passing a certain point on a road in a minute.

These are all quantities that can be counted, hence "discrete." This is in contrast to "continuous" random

variables, which can take on any value within a given range (like height or temperature). **Key Concepts You'll Encounter in MEI Statistics 1 Assessments** To excel in your MEI Statistics 1 discrete random variables topic assessment, you need a firm grasp of the following fundamental concepts:

Probability Distributions: The Backbone of Discrete Random Variables

A probability distribution for a discrete random variable assigns a probability to each possible value the variable can take. This is often presented in a table, showing the possible values of the random variable and their corresponding probabilities. The crucial rule here is that the sum of all probabilities in a distribution must equal 1. Let X be a discrete random variable. Its probability distribution is denoted by $P(X=x)$, where x represents a specific value that X can take. The properties of a probability distribution are:

- $0 \leq P(X=x) \leq 1$ for all possible values of x .
- $\sum P(X=x) = 1$, where the sum is over all possible values of x .

Expected Value (Mean): The Average Outcome

The expected value, often denoted as $E(X)$ or μ , represents the average value of the random variable over many trials. It's a weighted average, where each possible value is weighted by its probability. The formula for the expected value of a discrete random variable X is:

$$E(X) = \sum [x \cdot P(X=x)]$$

$P(X=x)$ Understanding how to calculate this is paramount for many assessment questions. You'll be given a probability distribution and asked to find the mean.

Variance and Standard Deviation: Measuring Spread

Variance, denoted as $\text{Var}(X)$ or σ^2 , measures how spread out the values of a random variable are from its expected value. A higher variance indicates greater spread. The formula for variance is: $\text{Var}(X) = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2$ To calculate $E(X^2)$, you'll need to find the sum of the squares of each value multiplied by its probability: $E(X^2) = \sum [x^2 \cdot P(X=x)]$ The standard deviation, denoted as $\text{SD}(X)$ or σ , is simply the square root of the variance: $\text{SD}(X) = \sqrt{\text{Var}(X)}$ Standard deviation is often preferred because it's in the same units as the random variable, making it more interpretable.

Binomial Distribution: A Special Case

The binomial distribution is a frequently tested topic within discrete random variables. It applies to situations with a fixed number of independent trials, where each trial has only two possible outcomes (success or failure), and the probability of success is constant for each trial. Key characteristics of a binomial experiment: 1. A fixed number of trials, n . 2. Each trial is independent. 3. Each trial has only two possible outcomes: "success" or "failure." 4. The probability of success,

p , is the same for each trial. The probability of failure is $q = 1 - p$. If X follows a binomial distribution with parameters n and p , denoted as $X \sim B(n, p)$, its probability mass function is given by: $P(X=k) = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$, for $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n$. Where $\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$ is the binomial coefficient. For a binomial distribution: *

- $E(X) = np$
- $Var(X) = np(1-p)$
- $SD(X) = \sqrt{np(1-p)}$

Recognizing when a scenario fits a binomial distribution is a critical skill for MEI Statistics 1.

Deconstructing MEI Statistics 1 Discrete Random Variables Assessments: Common Question Types

MEI Statistics 1 topic assessments on discrete random variables typically revolve around applying the concepts we've just discussed. Here's a breakdown of common question types and how to approach them:

1. Constructing a Probability Distribution

You might be presented with a scenario and asked to construct the probability distribution for a random variable. ***Example:** A bag contains 2 red balls and 3 blue balls. You draw two balls without replacement. Let X be the number of red balls drawn. ***Approach:** * Identify the possible values of X . In this case, X can be 0, 1, or 2. * Calculate the probability for each

value: * $P(X=0)$: Probability of drawing two blue balls. * $P(X=1)$: Probability of drawing one red and one blue ball. * $P(X=2)$: Probability of drawing two red balls. * Organize these probabilities into a table. Remember to check if the probabilities sum to 1!

2. Calculating Expected Value, Variance, and Standard Deviation from a Given Distribution

These are usually straightforward applications of the formulas. *

Example: Given a probability distribution table for a random variable Y , calculate $E(Y)$, $Var(Y)$, and $SD(Y)$. *

Approach: * **For $E(Y)$:** Multiply each value of Y by its probability and sum the results. * **For $Var(Y)$:** First, calculate $E(Y^2)$ by squaring each value of Y , multiplying by its probability, and summing the results. Then, use the formula $Var(Y) = E(Y^2) - [E(Y)]^2$. * **For $SD(Y)$:** Take the square root of the calculated variance.

3. Identifying and Applying the Binomial Distribution

This is where your understanding of the binomial experiment conditions comes into play. * **Example:** A factory produces light bulbs, and 5% are defective. If you randomly select 10 light bulbs, what is the probability that exactly 2 are defective? *

Approach: * **Check the conditions:** * Fixed number of trials ($n=10$ light bulbs). * Independent trials (assuming the defects are random). * Two outcomes (defective or not

defective). * Constant probability of success ($p=0.05$ for a defective bulb). * This fits a binomial distribution, $X \sim B(10, 0.05)$. * Use the binomial probability formula: $P(X=2) = \binom{10}{2} (0.05)^2 (0.95)^{10-2}$. * You might also be asked to calculate the probability of "at least," "at most," or "between" a certain number of successes, which involves summing multiple binomial probabilities.

4. Using Properties of Expected Value and Variance

Assessments might test your understanding of how transformations affect expected value and variance. *

Example: If X is a random variable with $E(X) = 5$ and $\text{Var}(X) = 3$, find $E(2X+1)$ and $\text{Var}(2X+1)$. *

Approach: * **Properties of Expected Value:** * $E(aX + b) = aE(X) + b$ * So, $E(2X+1) = 2E(X) + 1 = 2(5) + 1 = 11$. *

Properties of Variance: * $\text{Var}(aX + b) = a^2 \text{Var}(X)$ (Note: adding a constant does not change the variance). * So, $\text{Var}(2X+1) = 2^2 \text{Var}(X) = 4(3) = 12$.

5. Solving Word Problems Requiring Probabilistic Reasoning

Many questions will be presented as real-world scenarios. The key is to translate the problem into the language of random variables and probability distributions. * **Example:** A game involves rolling a fair six-sided die. You win £5 if you roll a 6, and lose £1 otherwise. Let W be your winnings. Find the

expected winnings. * **Approach:** * Define the random variable W . * Determine the possible values of W : $\pounds 5$ (if you roll a 6) and $-\pounds 1$ (if you don't roll a 6). * Determine the probabilities: $P(W=5) = \frac{1}{6}$, $P(W=-1) = \frac{5}{6}$. * Calculate the expected value: $E(W) = (5 \times \frac{1}{6}) + (-1 \times \frac{5}{6})$.

Tips for Success in Your MEI Statistics 1 Discrete Random Variables Assessment

* **Practice, Practice, Practice:** The MEI Statistics 1 syllabus is extensive. The more practice questions you tackle, the more familiar you'll become with different question formats and the quicker you'll be able to identify the correct approach. Use past papers and textbook exercises extensively. * **Understand the Formulas, Don't Just Memorize:** While memorizing formulas is helpful, truly understanding what they represent and where they come from will make applying them much easier and allow you to adapt when faced with slight variations in questions. * **Read the Question Carefully:** This cannot be stressed enough! Underline keywords, identify the random variable, its possible values, and the probabilities involved. Are you looking for an "exact" probability, an "at least" probability, or an "at most" probability? * **Check Your Work:** Especially when dealing with probability distributions, always ensure that the probabilities sum to 1. Double-check your calculations for expected value and variance. A quick sanity check can prevent

simple errors. * **Define Your Variables Clearly:** When solving word problems, clearly define your random variable and its associated probabilities. This will help you structure your solution logically. * **Master Your Calculator:** Ensure you are proficient with your calculator's functions for binomial probability calculations, summations, and statistical functions. *

Recognize Binomial Scenarios: Being able to spot when a binomial distribution is appropriate is a key skill. Look for the fixed number of trials, independence, two outcomes, and constant probability. * **Don't Neglect the Basics:** While binomial distributions are common, simpler probability distributions and expected value calculations also feature heavily. Make sure you have a solid foundation in these. ###

Common Pitfalls to Avoid * **Confusing Discrete and Continuous Variables:** Always remember that discrete variables have countable outcomes. * **Incorrectly Calculating Probabilities:** Especially in scenarios without replacement, be meticulous with your probability calculations. * **Errors in Binomial Formula Application:** Ensure you are using the correct values for n , k , and p . * **Forgetting to Sum Probabilities for "At Least" or "At Most":** These questions require cumulative probabilities, which means adding up several individual probabilities or using calculator functions. *

Calculation Errors: Double-check your arithmetic, especially when dealing with squares and square roots. ### Conclusion
MEI Statistics 1 discrete random variables are a foundational

topic that, with focused effort and understanding, can be mastered. By grasping the core concepts of probability distributions, expected value, variance, and the specifics of the binomial distribution, you'll be well-equipped to tackle any topic assessment. Remember to practice consistently, read questions carefully, and check your work. With this comprehensive guide and dedicated study, you can approach your MEI Statistics 1 discrete random variables assessments with confidence and achieve the results you desire. Good luck!

Understanding Mei Statistics and Discrete Random Variables: A Comprehensive Overview In the realm of probability and statistics, discrete random variables serve as a foundational concept, especially when analyzing real-world phenomena that unfold in distinct, countable outcomes. Among the most instructive tools for mastering these ideas are Mei statistics, a structured framework that combines theoretical rigor with practical application. Mei statistics emphasize the behavior of discrete random variables through clear, measurable patterns, enabling students and professionals alike to interpret data with precision and confidence. At its core, this approach reframes abstract probability into tangible, observable events—offering clarity in both academic study and applied settings. Mei statistics centers on modeling discrete random variables—those that assume a finite or countably infinite set of values—through probability distributions such as the binomial, Poisson, and geometric distributions. These variables often

represent counts: the number of successes in trials, occurrences in fixed intervals, or events that happen independently at a constant rate. By defining probability mass functions and leveraging expected values and variances, Mei statistics transforms raw data into interpretable insights. This methodology not only aids in predicting outcomes but also in assessing uncertainty, a critical skill in fields ranging from engineering to public health. Key insights emerge when analyzing how discrete random variables behave under different statistical assumptions. For instance, the binomial distribution excels in modeling scenarios with fixed numbers of independent trials and binary outcomes—such as coin flips or product defect rates—while the Poisson distribution shines in modeling rare events over continuous time, like customer arrivals at a service counter. Understanding these distributions through Mei statistics reveals patterns that guide decision-making, from optimizing resource allocation to evaluating risk. The statistical properties of these variables—mean, variance, and higher moments—serve as benchmarks for assessing real-world data against theoretical expectations, forming the backbone of hypothesis testing and confidence interval construction. The practical applications of Mei statistics and discrete random variables are both broad and impactful. In quality control, manufacturers use these models to predict defect frequencies and set inspection thresholds, reducing waste and improving reliability. In epidemiology, discrete models help track disease

spread through populations, informing public health interventions. Financial analysts rely on Poisson processes to forecast transaction volumes and model credit risk, while educators employ these concepts to teach probabilistic reasoning to students. The versatility of discrete random variables ensures that Mei statistics remains relevant across disciplines, offering a universal language for uncertainty. One of the most compelling benefits of this approach lies in its ability to simplify complexity. By grounding abstract probability in concrete, countable outcomes, learners develop a deeper intuition for statistical behavior. This clarity enhances problem-solving skills, enabling professionals to move beyond rote calculations to meaningful interpretation. Moreover, the predictive power of discrete models supports proactive strategies—whether in inventory management, scheduling, or risk mitigation—turning uncertainty into informed action. Looking ahead, the future of Mei statistics and discrete random variables is intertwined with advancements in data science and computational modeling. As machine learning and big data analytics grow, discrete probability models continue to provide essential foundations for algorithms that detect patterns and forecast events. The integration of real-time data streams and adaptive models promises to refine predictions, especially in dynamic environments like financial markets or healthcare monitoring. Furthermore, the expanding use of simulation techniques—such as Monte Carlo methods—relies heavily on

discrete random variables to generate realistic scenarios, reinforcing their role in both theoretical and applied statistics. Ultimately, mastery of Mei statistics and discrete random variables empowers individuals to navigate uncertainty with precision. It bridges the gap between theory and application, equipping learners with tools that are as useful in classrooms as they are in boardrooms. As statistical thinking becomes increasingly vital across industries, understanding these core concepts ensures readiness for a world where data-driven decisions shape every aspect of modern life.

In the realm of statistics, understanding and analyzing discrete random variables is a fundamental skill. For students embarking on a journey through probability and statistics, particularly those encountering the **MEI Statistics 1** syllabus, mastering the concepts of discrete random variables is paramount. This article delves into the common challenges and provides a detailed, analytical exploration of **MEI Statistics 1 discrete random variable topic assessment answers**, aiming to equip students with the knowledge and strategies to excel in their assessments. We will explore the core concepts, common pitfalls, and effective approaches to solving problems related to discrete probability distributions.

Understanding Discrete Random Variables in MEI Statistics 1

A discrete random variable is a variable whose value can only take a finite number of distinct values or a countably infinite number of distinct values. In essence, these are variables that can be counted, as opposed to variables that can take any value within a given range (continuous random variables). MEI Statistics 1 typically introduces discrete random variables through various real-world scenarios, such as the number of heads in a series of coin tosses, the number of defective items in a sample, or the score obtained when rolling a die.

Key Concepts and Definitions

1. **Random Variable (X):** A variable whose value is a numerical outcome of a random phenomenon.
2. **Discrete Random Variable:** A random variable that can only take specific, separate values, often integers.
3. **Probability Distribution:** A function that gives the probability that a discrete random variable is equal to each of its possible values. For a discrete random variable X with possible values $(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$, its probability distribution function (PDF) is denoted by $(P(X=x_i))$ or $(p(x_i))$.
4. **Properties of a Probability Distribution:**

1. $0 \leq P(X=x_i) \leq 1$ for all i .
2. $\sum_{i=1}^n P(X=x_i) = 1$.
5. **Expected Value (Mean), $E(X)$ or (μ)** : The average value of the random variable over many trials. Calculated as $E(X) = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i P(X=x_i)$.
6. **Variance, $Var(X)$ or (σ^2)** : A measure of the spread or dispersion of the probability distribution. Calculated as $Var(X) = E[(X - \mu)^2] = \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^2 P(X=x_i)$.
7. **Standard Deviation, $SD(X)$ or (σ)** : The square root of the variance. It provides a measure of the typical deviation from the mean. Calculated as $SD(X) = \sqrt{Var(X)}$.

Common Probability Distributions in MEI Statistics 1

MEI Statistics 1 focuses on several key discrete probability distributions that frequently appear in assessments:

1. **Binomial Distribution**: Used for situations with a fixed number of independent trials, each with two possible outcomes (success or failure), and a constant probability of success. If $(X \sim B(n, p))$, then $(P(X=k) = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k})$, where (n) is the number of trials and (p) is the probability of success. The expected value is $(E(X) = np)$ and the variance is $(Var(X) = np(1-p))$.
2. **Poisson Distribution**: Used to model the number of events

occurring in a fixed interval of time or space, given a constant average rate of occurrence. If $(X \sim \text{Po}(\lambda))$, then $(P(X=k) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^k}{k!})$, where (λ) is the average rate of occurrence. The expected value and variance are both equal to (λ) .

Understanding the conditions under which each distribution applies is crucial for correctly answering assessment questions. Misidentifying the appropriate distribution is a common error.

Analyzing MEI Statistics 1 Discrete Random Variable Assessment Questions

Assessment questions in MEI Statistics 1 on discrete random variables typically require students to:

1. Constructing Probability Distributions

Often, the initial step involves creating a probability distribution table from a given scenario. This requires careful identification of all possible outcomes for the discrete random variable and their corresponding probabilities.

Example Scenario:

A fair six-sided die is rolled twice. Let X be the number of times a '6' appears.

Analysis: The possible values for X are 0, 1, or 2.

1. $P(X=0)$: No '6' appears in two rolls. Probability of not getting a '6' is $5/6$. So, $(5/6) * (5/6) = 25/36$.
2. $P(X=1)$: Exactly one '6' appears. This can happen in two ways: (6, not 6) or (not 6, 6). So, $(1/6)*(5/6) + (5/6)*(1/6) = 5/36 + 5/36 = 10/36$.
3. $P(X=2)$: Two '6's appear. So, $(1/6) * (1/6) = 1/36$.

The sum of probabilities is $25/36 + 10/36 + 1/36 = 36/36 = 1$, confirming a valid probability distribution.

2. Calculating Expected Value and Variance

Once the probability distribution is established, calculating the expected value (mean) and variance is a standard requirement. These calculations test the student's ability to apply the summation formulas accurately.

Applying Formulas:

Using the previous example:

1. $E(X) = (0 * 25/36) + (1 * 10/36) + (2 * 1/36) = 0 + 10/36 + 2/36 = 12/36 = 1/3$.
2. To calculate variance, we first find $E(X^2)$: $E(X^2) = (0^2 * 25/36) + (1^2 * 10/36) + (2^2 * 1/36) = 0 + 10/36 + 4/36 = 14/36 = 7/18$.
3. $Var(X) = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2 = 7/18 - (1/3)^2 = 7/18 - 1/9 =$

$$7/18 - 2/18 = 5/18.$$

Alternatively, using the definition of variance:

1. $\text{Var}(X) = (0 - 1/3)^2 * (25/36) + (1 - 1/3)^2 * (10/36) + (2 - 1/3)^2 * (1/36)$
2. $\text{Var}(X) = (1/9) * (25/36) + (2/3)^2 * (10/36) + (5/3)^2 * (1/36)$
3. $\text{Var}(X) = 25/324 + (4/9) * (10/36) + (25/9) * (1/36)$
4. $\text{Var}(X) = 25/324 + 40/324 + 25/324 = 90/324 = 5/18.$

Both methods should yield the same result, demonstrating the robustness of statistical formulas. Understanding the derivation and application of these formulas is key to securing full marks.

3. Applying Binomial and Poisson Distributions

Many questions will directly involve situations that fit the criteria for binomial or Poisson distributions. Identifying the parameters n and p for binomial, or λ for Poisson, is the critical first step.

Binomial Distribution Example:

A factory produces light bulbs, and 5% of them are defective. If a sample of 10 light bulbs is taken, what is the probability that exactly 2 are defective?

Analysis: This is a binomial distribution problem with $n=10$

(number of trials) and $(p=0.05)$ (probability of a defective bulb).

Let X be the number of defective bulbs. We want to find

$$\begin{aligned} P(X=2) &= \binom{10}{2} (0.05)^2 (1-0.05)^{10-2} \\ &= \frac{10!}{2!8!} (0.05)^2 (0.95)^8 \\ &= 45 \times 0.0025 \times 0.6634 \\ P(X=2) &\approx 0.0746 \end{aligned}$$

Poisson Distribution Example:

On average, 3 calls are received by a call center every hour. What is the probability that exactly 5 calls are received in a given hour?

Analysis: This fits a Poisson distribution with $(\lambda=3)$ (average rate of calls per hour). Let X be the number of calls received in an hour. We want to find $P(X=5)$. Using the Poisson probability formula: $P(X=5) = \frac{e^{-3} 3^5}{5!}$
 $P(X=5) = \frac{e^{-3} \times 243}{120}$
 $P(X=5) \approx \frac{0.0498 \times 243}{120}$
 $P(X=5) \approx \frac{12.1014}{120}$
 $P(X=5) \approx 0.1008$

4. Interpreting Results and Drawing Conclusions

Beyond calculations, MEI assessments often require interpretation of the results. This includes explaining what the expected value or a specific probability means in the context of

the problem. For instance, stating that an expected value of $1/3$ for the number of '6's in two rolls means that, on average, you would expect one-third of a '6' per pair of rolls.

Common Pitfalls and How to Avoid Them

Several common mistakes can hinder success in these assessments. Awareness of these pitfalls is the first step towards avoiding them.

1. Misinterpreting "At Least" and "At Most"

Phrases like "at least 2" (≥ 2) or "at most 3" (≤ 3) can be confusing. For discrete distributions, "at least 2" means $P(X=2) + P(X=3) + \dots$, while "at most 3" means $P(X=0) + P(X=1) + P(X=2) + P(X=3)$. Using the complement rule (e.g., $P(\text{at least } 2) = 1 - P(\text{less than } 2)$) which is $1 - P(X=0) - P(X=1)$) can simplify calculations, especially when dealing with a large number of outcomes.

2. Incorrectly Identifying Distribution Parameters

For binomial distributions, students sometimes confuse n and p , or mistake the probability of "failure" for the probability of "success." Similarly, for Poisson, confusion can arise

between the given rate and the time/space interval. Always double-check what each parameter represents in the context of the question.

3. Calculation Errors

Simple arithmetic mistakes, incorrect calculator usage (especially with factorials, exponents, and e), or rounding errors can lead to incorrect answers. It is essential to show your working clearly, allowing for partial credit even if the final answer is wrong. Using a calculator that can handle statistical functions can be beneficial, but understanding the manual calculation is vital.

4. Forgetting to Check the Sum of Probabilities

Before proceeding to calculate expected values or variance, always verify that the probabilities in your distribution sum to 1. This simple check can catch fundamental errors early on.

Strategies for Success in MEI Statistics

1 Discrete Random Variables

Assessments

To maximize your performance, adopt a systematic approach:

1. Thoroughly Understand the Theory

Go beyond memorizing formulas. Understand the underlying principles of probability, expected value, and variance. This deeper understanding will help you apply the concepts correctly to varied scenarios.

2. Practice Extensively with Past Papers

MEI provides past papers and mark schemes, which are invaluable resources. Working through these questions under timed conditions will familiarize you with the exam format, question styles, and common themes. Pay close attention to how marks are allocated in the mark schemes.

3. Deconstruct Each Question Carefully

Read each question multiple times. Identify the random variable, its possible values, and the context. Determine if it's a binomial, Poisson, or a general discrete probability distribution problem. Underline keywords and important figures.

4. Show All Your Working

Even for straightforward calculations, show each step. This not only helps you avoid errors but also ensures you get credit for correct methodology, even if you make a minor arithmetic slip. Clearly state the distribution you are using (e.g., $X \sim B(10,$

0.3\)) and the formula you are applying.

5. Utilize Your Calculator Effectively and Responsibly

Familiarize yourself with your calculator's statistical functions. However, do not rely on them exclusively. Understand how to perform calculations manually to verify results and to manage situations where calculator functions might not be directly applicable.

6. Review and Reflect

After completing practice assessments, carefully review your answers and compare them with the mark schemes. Understand where you lost marks and why. Reflect on the common pitfalls and ensure you don't repeat them.

Conclusion

Mastering discrete random variables is a cornerstone of success in MEI Statistics 1. By thoroughly understanding the theory, practicing diligently with a focus on common question types, and employing effective strategies to avoid typical errors, students can confidently approach their assessments. The ability to construct probability distributions, calculate key statistics like expected value and variance, and correctly apply binomial and Poisson distributions are essential skills. With

careful analysis of **MEI Statistics 1 discrete random variable topic assessment answers** and a commitment to thorough preparation, students can achieve their academic goals in this important area of statistics.

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Questions & Answers About mei statistics 1 discrete random variables topic assessment answers

No	Question	Answer
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1	What are the key concepts I should focus on for a Discrete Random Variables topic assessment?	Key concepts include understanding the definition of a discrete random variable, probability mass functions (PMFs), cumulative distribution functions (CDFs), expected value (mean), and variance. Practice identifying these from scenarios and calculating them accurately.
2	How can I differentiate between a discrete and a continuous random variable for my assessment?	A discrete random variable can only take on a finite or countably infinite number of values (e.g., number of heads in coin flips). A continuous random variable can take on any value within a given range (e.g., height of a person).
3	What's the best way to approach calculating the expected value (mean) of a discrete random variable?	The expected value ($E(X)$ or μ) is calculated by summing the product of each possible value of the random variable and its corresponding probability. Formula: $E(X) = \sum [x * P(X=x)]$.
4	How is variance useful in understanding a discrete random variable's distribution?	Variance measures the spread or dispersion of a discrete random variable around its mean. A higher variance indicates greater variability in outcomes. It's calculated as $Var(X) = E[(X - \mu)^2] = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2$.

5	What common pitfalls should I avoid when answering assessment questions on discrete random variables?	Avoid confusing PMFs with CDFs, making calculation errors, misinterpreting the question's context to identify the random variable's values and probabilities, and not clearly stating formulas or showing work for full marks.
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